

2-Ethyl-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-1,1,3-trione

Muneeb Hayat Khan,^a Islam Ullah Khan,^{a*}
Muhammad Nadeem Arshad^a and Mehmet Akkurt^{b*}

^aMaterials Chemistry Laboratory, Department of Chemistry, GC University, Lahore 54000, Pakistan, and ^bDepartment of Physics, Faculty of Sciences, Erciyes University, 38039 Kayseri, Turkey
Correspondence e-mail: iukhan@gcu.edu.pk, akkurt@erciyes.edu.tr

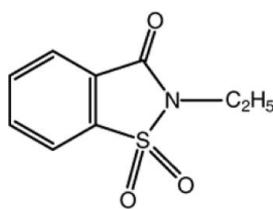
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.144; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.8.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_9\text{NO}_3\text{S}$, the bond lengths and angles fall within normal ranges. All nine ring atoms almost lie in a common plane (r.m.s. deviation 0.021 Å). In the crystal, symmetry-related molecules are linked via $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For related literature on benzothiazolone-1,1-dioxide derivatives, see: Hu *et al.* (2004); Kap-Sun & Nicholas (1998); Liang *et al.* (2006); Masashi *et al.* (1999); Nagasawa *et al.* (1995). For related structures, see: Hu *et al.* (2006); Xu *et al.* (2005); Wen *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_9\text{NO}_3\text{S}$
 $M_r = 211.24$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 10.4559(5)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 7.5484(5)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 12.9408(7)\text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 105.863(2)^\circ$

$$V = 982.46(10)\text{ \AA}^3$$

$$Z = 4$$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$$\mu = 0.31\text{ mm}^{-1}$$

$$T = 296\text{ K}$$

$$0.19 \times 0.18 \times 0.09\text{ mm}$$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
9319 measured reflections

2429 independent reflections
1822 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.081$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.144$
 $S = 1.08$
2429 reflections

129 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.35\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C2—H2···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.37	3.265 (2)	162
C3—H3···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.53	3.295 (3)	140
C8—H8A···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.97	2.45	3.139 (3)	128

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5490).

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Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o887 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811009184]

2-Ethyl-2,3-dihydro-1,2-benzothiazole-1,1,3-trione

M. H. Khan, I. U. Khan, M. N. Arshad and M. Akkurt

Comment

Benzisothiazolone-1,1-dioxide is part of a class of heterocycles which has been investigated in pharmaceutical research (Kap-Sun & Nicholas, 1998). 1,2-Benzisothiazole-3-one 1,1-dioxide (saccharin) has been widely incorporated into a variety of biologically active compounds. It has been identified as an important molecular component in various classes of 5-HT_{1A} antagonists, analgesics and human mast cell tryptase inhibitors (Liang *et al.*, 2006). In particular, N-substituted derivatives, e.g. with *N*-hydroxy and *N*-alkyl substituents, have shown important biological activity (Nagasawa *et al.*, 1995). Among *N*-alkyl derivatives, various synthetic routes have been reported for the synthesis of the title compound involving ionic liquids and free radical mechanisms (Hu *et al.*, 2004; Masashi *et al.*, 1999).

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1), all the bond lengths and bond angles agree with the corresponding values in similar structures containing benzisothiazole group (Hu *et al.*, 2006; Xu *et al.*, 2005; Wen *et al.*, 2006).

Atoms C1–C7, S1, O1 and N1 of the title molecule are essentially coplanar, with a maximum deviation of 0.020 (1) Å for S1. The packing of the molecules is stabilized by intermolecular C—H···O intermolecular hydrogen bonds (Table 1, Fig. 2).

Experimental

Sodium sacharrin (0.5 g, 2.439 mmol) was taken in round bottom flask and 20 ml DMF was added to it. It was kept for stirring at room temperature for 5 minutes then ethyl iodide (0.195 ml, 2.439 mmol) was added to the solution. Then reaction mixture was kept under reflux for 3 h at 333 K and after 3 h the TLC confirmed the completion of reaction. The product was obtained in ice-water, filtered and dried. Dried precipitates were dissolved in methanol for crystallization (yield: 93%).

Refinement

In the last cycles of the refinement, 3 reflections (1 0 1), (-1 0 1) and (-2 2 2) were eliminated due to being poorly measured in the vicinity of the beam stop. All H atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å, and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aromatic and methylene, and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms.

Figures

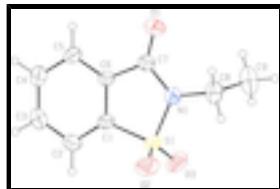


Fig. 1. View of the title molecule with atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 30% probability level.

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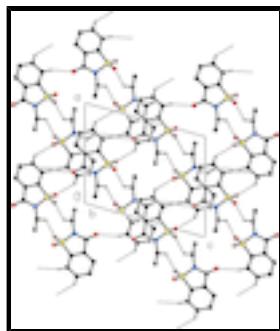


Fig. 2. A view of the packing and hydrogen bonding interactions of the title compound down the b axis. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

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Crystal data

C ₉ H ₉ NO ₃ S	$F(000) = 440$
$M_r = 211.24$	$D_x = 1.428 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 3812 reflections
$a = 10.4559 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.7\text{--}28.3^\circ$
$b = 7.5484 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 12.9408 (7) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 296 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 105.863 (2)^\circ$	Plate, colourless
$V = 982.46 (10) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.19 \times 0.18 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	1822 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: sealed tube graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.081$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.3^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.2^\circ$
9319 measured reflections	$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
2429 independent reflections	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
	$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.144$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.08$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0789P)^2 + 0.0563P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2429 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
129 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

0 restraints

 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.35 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ *Special details*

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement on F^2 for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors. Weighted R -factors wR and all goodnesses of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The observed criterion of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating - R -factor-obs *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.45672 (5)	0.21780 (7)	0.19351 (3)	0.0544 (2)
O1	0.27985 (14)	0.1334 (2)	-0.09326 (10)	0.0684 (5)
O2	0.50046 (15)	0.0632 (2)	0.25648 (10)	0.0770 (6)
O3	0.42257 (17)	0.3675 (2)	0.24709 (11)	0.0771 (6)
N1	0.33045 (15)	0.1647 (2)	0.08810 (12)	0.0540 (5)
C1	0.55956 (17)	0.2745 (2)	0.11296 (13)	0.0442 (5)
C2	0.68739 (19)	0.3429 (3)	0.14490 (15)	0.0568 (6)
C3	0.74791 (19)	0.3782 (3)	0.06576 (17)	0.0620 (6)
C4	0.68513 (19)	0.3479 (3)	-0.04052 (16)	0.0591 (7)
C5	0.55651 (19)	0.2815 (2)	-0.07236 (14)	0.0515 (6)
C6	0.49424 (17)	0.2447 (2)	0.00599 (13)	0.0417 (5)
C7	0.35743 (17)	0.1749 (2)	-0.00979 (13)	0.0473 (5)
C8	0.2068 (2)	0.0906 (3)	0.10313 (19)	0.0704 (8)
C9	0.0967 (3)	0.2234 (3)	0.0851 (3)	0.0977 (13)
H2	0.73010	0.36390	0.21690	0.0680*
H3	0.83380	0.42380	0.08450	0.0740*
H4	0.72950	0.37220	-0.09210	0.0710*
H5	0.51370	0.26240	-0.14450	0.0620*
H8A	0.22420	0.04450	0.17560	0.0840*
H8B	0.17840	-0.00750	0.05380	0.0840*
H9A	0.12320	0.31940	0.13500	0.1470*
H9B	0.01870	0.16790	0.09560	0.1470*
H9C	0.07780	0.26810	0.01300	0.1470*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0641 (3)	0.0629 (4)	0.0381 (3)	0.0102 (2)	0.0174 (2)	0.0029 (2)
O1	0.0600 (8)	0.0833 (10)	0.0532 (8)	-0.0087 (7)	0.0010 (6)	-0.0090 (7)
O2	0.0932 (11)	0.0822 (10)	0.0543 (8)	0.0116 (9)	0.0179 (7)	0.0255 (7)
O3	0.0937 (11)	0.0869 (10)	0.0586 (8)	0.0168 (9)	0.0343 (8)	-0.0156 (8)

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N1	0.0505 (8)	0.0625 (9)	0.0515 (8)	0.0006 (7)	0.0181 (7)	0.0040 (7)
C1	0.0481 (9)	0.0458 (9)	0.0371 (8)	0.0107 (7)	0.0092 (7)	-0.0022 (6)
C2	0.0524 (10)	0.0596 (11)	0.0503 (10)	0.0075 (8)	0.0001 (8)	-0.0070 (8)
C3	0.0456 (9)	0.0604 (11)	0.0789 (13)	0.0027 (8)	0.0150 (9)	-0.0019 (10)
C4	0.0577 (11)	0.0601 (11)	0.0665 (12)	0.0051 (9)	0.0287 (9)	0.0037 (9)
C5	0.0611 (11)	0.0547 (10)	0.0406 (8)	0.0067 (8)	0.0172 (8)	-0.0013 (7)
C6	0.0464 (8)	0.0406 (8)	0.0372 (8)	0.0068 (7)	0.0098 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
C7	0.0484 (9)	0.0475 (9)	0.0439 (9)	0.0047 (7)	0.0092 (7)	-0.0008 (7)
C8	0.0610 (12)	0.0704 (14)	0.0886 (14)	-0.0035 (10)	0.0356 (11)	0.0074 (11)
C9	0.0638 (14)	0.0892 (18)	0.149 (3)	0.0057 (13)	0.0440 (17)	0.0024 (17)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—O2	1.4252 (15)	C5—C6	1.375 (3)
S1—O3	1.4214 (16)	C6—C7	1.485 (3)
S1—N1	1.6673 (16)	C8—C9	1.496 (4)
S1—C1	1.7432 (18)	C2—H2	0.9300
O1—C7	1.202 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
N1—C7	1.373 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C8	1.470 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C2	1.386 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9700
C1—C6	1.384 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.369 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.372 (3)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.388 (3)	C9—H9C	0.9600
O2—S1—O3	117.14 (8)	N1—C7—C6	109.03 (14)
O2—S1—N1	109.24 (8)	N1—C8—C9	113.06 (19)
O2—S1—C1	112.89 (9)	C1—C2—H2	121.00
O3—S1—N1	109.99 (9)	C3—C2—H2	122.00
O3—S1—C1	112.01 (9)	C2—C3—H3	119.00
N1—S1—C1	92.85 (8)	C4—C3—H3	119.00
S1—N1—C7	115.14 (13)	C3—C4—H4	119.00
S1—N1—C8	120.78 (13)	C5—C4—H4	119.00
C7—N1—C8	123.60 (16)	C4—C5—H5	121.00
S1—C1—C2	127.97 (13)	C6—C5—H5	121.00
S1—C1—C6	109.98 (13)	N1—C8—H8A	109.00
C2—C1—C6	122.05 (16)	N1—C8—H8B	109.00
C1—C2—C3	117.03 (17)	C9—C8—H8A	109.00
C2—C3—C4	121.7 (2)	C9—C8—H8B	109.00
C3—C4—C5	121.14 (19)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.00
C4—C5—C6	118.02 (17)	C8—C9—H9A	109.00
C1—C6—C5	120.07 (17)	C8—C9—H9B	109.00
C1—C6—C7	112.86 (15)	C8—C9—H9C	109.00
C5—C6—C7	127.07 (15)	H9A—C9—H9B	110.00
O1—C7—N1	123.80 (17)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.00
O1—C7—C6	127.17 (16)	H9B—C9—H9C	110.00
O2—S1—N1—C7	-111.89 (13)	C7—N1—C8—C9	-85.9 (3)
O2—S1—N1—C8	60.49 (17)	C2—C1—C6—C7	-178.70 (16)
O3—S1—N1—C7	118.24 (13)	S1—C1—C6—C5	179.56 (13)

O3—S1—N1—C8	−69.38 (17)	S1—C1—C2—C3	−179.53 (16)
C1—S1—N1—C7	3.57 (13)	C6—C1—C2—C3	−0.8 (3)
C1—S1—N1—C8	175.95 (15)	S1—C1—C6—C7	0.24 (17)
O2—S1—C1—C2	−70.93 (19)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.6 (3)
O2—S1—C1—C6	110.22 (13)	C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (3)
O3—S1—C1—C2	63.88 (19)	C2—C3—C4—C5	0.7 (3)
O3—S1—C1—C6	−114.97 (13)	C3—C4—C5—C6	−0.8 (3)
N1—S1—C1—C2	176.79 (18)	C4—C5—C6—C7	179.41 (17)
N1—S1—C1—C6	−2.06 (13)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.2 (2)
S1—N1—C7—O1	176.40 (14)	C5—C6—C7—N1	−177.04 (16)
C8—N1—C7—O1	4.3 (3)	C1—C6—C7—O1	−178.07 (17)
S1—N1—C7—C6	−3.89 (17)	C5—C6—C7—O1	2.23 (19)
C8—N1—C7—C6	−176.03 (16)		2.7 (3)
S1—N1—C8—C9	102.4 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C2—H2···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.37	3.265 (2)	162
C3—H3···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.53	3.295 (3)	140
C8—H8A···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.97	2.45	3.139 (3)	128

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

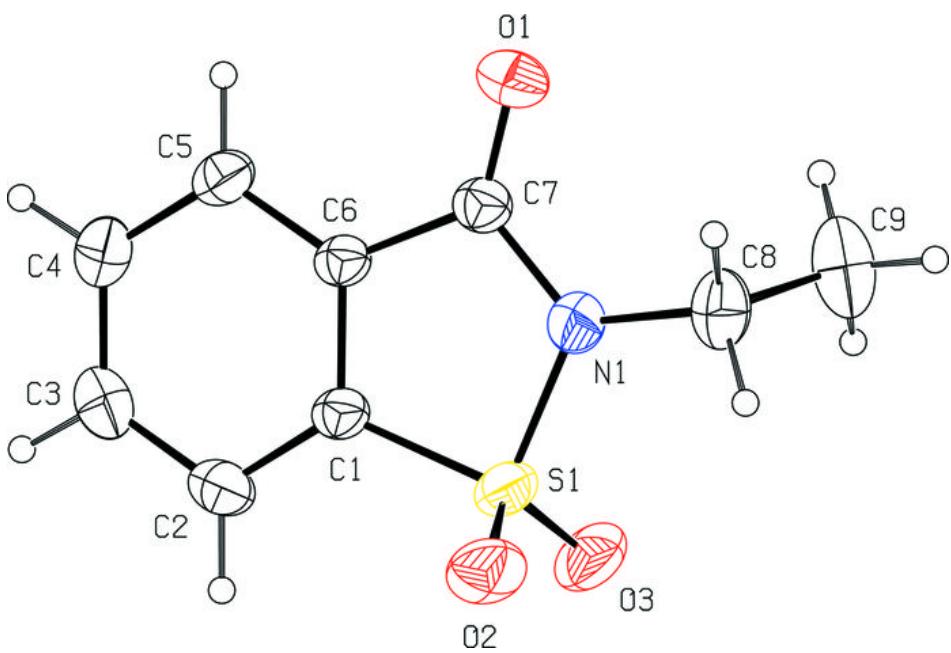


Fig. 2

